

# 'Tragic': CDC Adds Original COVID mRNA Vaccine to Childhood Schedule Despite Known Harms

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*The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention on Thursday added the two-shot primary series mRNA COVID-19 vaccine to its routine immunization schedule for children and adults, formalizing the agency's vaccine advisory committee's unanimous recommendation made in October 2022.*

by [Brenda Baletti](#), Ph.D., [The Defender](#)  
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The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) on Thursday added COVID-19 vaccination to its routine [immunization schedule](#) for children and adults.

Although the CDC does not have the authority to set requirements itself, the agency's immunization schedule provides formal guidance for state and local public health officials who set the rules for which vaccines are required to attend school.

The schedule also is the basis for vaccine recommendations made by most physicians.

"Given all that we have learned about the dangers and ineffectiveness of [COVID-19](#) shots over the last two years, it

is horrifying to see the CDC now recommend this as a routine shot to children,” Mary Holland, [Children’s Health Defense](#) (CHD) president and general counsel told [The Defender](#).

“Although it is unsurprising given the agency capture, it is nonetheless tragic,” she added.

Thursday’s move formalized the recommendation by the agency’s vaccine advisory committee, which on Oct. 20, 2022, [voted unanimously](#) (15-0) to recommend adding COVID-19 vaccines for [children as young as 6 months old](#) to the new [Child and Adolescent Immunization Schedule](#).

*This reckless action is final proof of the cynicism, corruption + capture of a once exemplary public health agency. ACIP members have demonstrated that fealty to their pharma overlords eclipses any residual concerns they may harbor for child welfare.* <https://t.co/UkRQBxAvo2>

– Robert F. Kennedy Jr (@RobertKennedyJr) [October 20, 2022](#)

Under the new guidelines, the [CDC recommends](#) healthy children 6 months to 11 years old receive a primary series of two doses of the mRNA Moderna or Pfizer-BioNTech monovalent COVID-19 vaccine, followed by a booster of the bivalent shot.

It recommends that healthy people age 12 and older receive two doses of either the Moderna, Pfizer or Novavax vaccine followed by a bivalent booster.

All COVID-19 vaccines being administered in the U.S. to people under 18 are Emergency Use Authorized (EUA) products. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) did [grant full approval](#) to Pfizer’s Comirnaty COVID-19 vaccine for ages 12 and older, however, the [Comirnaty vaccine](#) is not available in the U.S. – which means all children who get the Pfizer vaccine are getting an EUA product.

In Wednesday's [congressional hearing](#) on the Biden administration's response to COVID-19, [Rep. Dan Crenshaw](#) (R-Texas) asked CDC Director [Dr. Rochelle Walensky](#), why the CDC broke with its own norms and put an EUA vaccine on the childhood immunization schedule for a disease that poses [very little risk to children](#) and for which the vaccine poses many potential side effects without preventing transmission.

Walensky responded:

"The reason that the ACIP [Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices] recommended the CDC put the COVID-19 vaccine on the pediatric schedule was only because it was the only way it could be covered in our 'Vaccines for Children' program.

"It was the only way that our under-uninsured children would be able to have access to the vaccines ... That was the reason to put it there."

*Dr. Rochelle Walensky on Why an Experimental Vaccine was Added to the Childhood Schedule*

*"The reason ACIP recommended...getting the COVID-19 vaccine on the pediatric schedule, it was ONLY because it was the only way it could be covered in our 'Vaccines for Children' program" [pic.twitter.com/k1CVf4cv09](https://pic.twitter.com/k1CVf4cv09)*

*– Chief Nerd (@TheChiefNerd) [February 8, 2023](#)*

Data collected by the CDC through its Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System ([VAERS](#)) and a growing number of other sources indicate [serious health risks](#) associated with COVID-19 vaccination for children.

"The COVID vaccines have not been shown to be either effective or safe for children," CHD argued in an [amicus brief filed in Louisiana](#) last year. "The [benefits to children](#) are minuscule, while the risks – including the risk of potentially [fatal](#)

[heart damage](#) – are ‘known’ and ‘serious,’ as the FDA itself has acknowledged.”

Other changes to the childhood schedule include adding the [PVC15 shot](#), a pneumococcal conjugate vaccine used to help protect against pneumococcal bacteria and only recently approved for children; updated guidance for the flu and hepatitis B vaccines; and new recommendations for the measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) and polio vaccines.

The CDC now recommends an additional dose of the MMR vaccine in places where there is a mumps outbreak. It also recommends an additional poliovirus vaccine for children and adults if [new polio cases](#) emerge.

This would mean the childhood vaccination schedule would increase the number of recommended injections from 54 to 72 over the course of a person’s childhood, between the ages of 6 months and 18 years, [The Defender reported](#) last year.

## **CDC schedule protects pharmaceutical companies from liability for vaccine injuries**

[Vaccine makers are not liable](#) for injuries or deaths associated with EUA vaccines but can be held liable for injuries caused by a fully licensed vaccine – unless that vaccine is added to the CDC’s childhood vaccination schedule.

Parents of children injured by vaccines listed on the childhood schedule can seek compensation through the taxpayer-funded [National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program](#) (NVICP), a no-fault alternative to the traditional legal system for resolving vaccine injury claims.

However, the revisions voted on by the [ACIP committee](#) last year explicitly state (slide 24) that the pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine (PPSV23) and COVID-19 vaccines are not covered under the NVICP.

Instead, the COVID-19 vaccines added to the childhood schedule

will remain covered by the [Countermeasures Injury Compensation Program](#) (CICP). To date, only 19 claims related to COVID-19 filed with the CICP have been found eligible for compensation, though no compensation has yet been paid.

Since it was established in 2010, the CICP only compensated 30 of the nearly 12,000 claims filed.

## **Are we seeing ‘the beginning of the end of Big Pharma’s reign’?**

The addition of the COVID-19 vaccine to the immunization schedule “helps ‘normalize’ this vaccine and sends a powerful message to both healthcare providers and the general public that everyone ages 6 months and older should stay up to date with recommended COVID-19 vaccines (including a booster, when eligible), just as they would with any other routinely recommended vaccine,” Dr. Neil Murthy and Dr. A. Patricia Wodi said in a statement [reported by CNN](#).

This “normalization” comes at a time when over 85% of the U.S. population hasn’t been boosted, despite the massive [government-sponsored media push](#).

Nationally, only [12% of children ages 6 months to 4 years](#) have received one dose of the vaccine. Only 58% of children ages 12 to 17 and 32% of children ages 5 to 11 have received two doses of the vaccine. Numbers vary widely across states.

Holland commented on the implications of adding this shot to the schedule:

“The childhood schedule is already unscientific and unjustifiable. Adding this shot may well be the straw that breaks the camel’s back. Parents are likely to resist, finally calling the entire childhood vaccine schedule into question.

“That day has been long in coming, but it is now here. I believe we are now watching the beginning of the end of [Big Pharma](#)’s reign over the nation’s children.”

At Wednesday's congressional hearing, lawmakers repeatedly raised concerns about how regulatory agencies' flawed recommendations led to a lack of confidence in public institutions.

[Rep. Cathy McMorris Rodgers](#) (R-Wash.) said, "There's serious distrust today with our public health agencies. [Polling indicates] 40% of the public does not trust our public health agencies to handle the next public health emergency."

Walensky indicated that vaccination rates for all vaccines on the childhood schedule among [kindergarten children](#) declined last year, dropping from 95% to 93% over the last two years, amounting to hundreds of thousands of parents opting not to comply with the childhood vaccination schedule.

The most recent [VAERS data](#) on vaccine injuries, updated Feb. 2 for children 6 months to 5 years old who received a COVID-19 vaccine, showed reports of [5,737 adverse events](#), including [244 cases rated as serious](#) and [14 reported deaths](#).

For 5- to 11-year-olds, there were [16,910 reports of adverse events](#), including [805 rated as serious](#) and [33 reported deaths](#).

VAERS is the primary government-funded system for reporting adverse vaccine reactions in the U.S. While reports submitted to VAERS require further investigation before a causal relationship can be confirmed, VAERS historically has been shown to report only [1% of actual vaccine adverse events](#).

According to [Retsef Levi, Ph.D.](#), with the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, the vaccines "cause unprecedented levels of harm, including the death of young people and children."

Multiple studies have determined that the vaccines increase the risk of [myocarditis and pericarditis](#), particularly in young men.

An October 2022 study revealed the [CDC was aware](#) of the safety signal for these side effects months before it informed the public.

At the recent [FDA vaccine advisory committee meeting](#), several committee members also raised concerns about recommending annual bivalent boosters for children given the lack of data.

[Dr. Archana Chatterjee, Ph.D.](#), committee member and dean of the Chicago Medical School and vice president for medical affairs at Rosalind Franklin University said:

“As we look at this question [simplifying the vaccination schedule] for young children, the data is just too few for us to really make scientifically sound decisions regarding this question. The trial data need to be much more robust than we have seen in the past.”

In light of data like this, vaccination for COVID-19 for children and healthy people is losing public and even governmental support in some places.

Under public pressure and facing a series of lawsuits, last week [California dropped its plan](#) to mandate COVID-19 vaccination for school children.

As of Feb. 6, 21 states have legislation or executive orders banning student vaccine mandates, according to the [National Academy for State Health Policy](#), a nonpartisan organization of state health policymakers.

Only the District of Columbia currently has a vaccine mandate for school children, although it is not set to go into effect until the 2023-2024 school year.

As of Feb. 12, the U.K. will [no longer recommend COVID-19 boosters](#) for healthy people under age 50.

[Denmark ended](#) its universal COVID-19 vaccination campaign for healthy individuals in February 2022.

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